



KRISTA THROW RUG

PLEASE NOTE:

All instructions are in International terminology

What you'll need:

- 25 x 50g balls 'Moda Vera' Pure Wool 8ply
- *6.00mm, 6.50mm, 7.00mm crochet hooks
- Scissors
- Yarn needle, pins, tape measure
- Stitch markers, wool clamps

*These are needed to adjust your tension over a range of squares as some patterns work up looser or tighter than others.

Abbreviations:

beg begin/ning; **blp** back loop only; **bp** back post; **ch** chain; **cnr** corner; **dc** double crochet; **dec** decrease (over next 2 sts); **dtr** double treble; **flp** front loop only; **fp** front post; **hdtr** half double treble; **htr** half treble; **inc** increase (work 2 sts into next st); **lp** loop; **Rnd** Round; **RS** right side; **sk** skip; **sl st** slip stitch; **sp** space; **st/s** stitch/es; **st-ch** starting chain; **tr** treble; **ttr** triple treble; **WS** wrong side; **yoh** yarn over hook

NOTE The rug is made up of 25 different squares joined together in 5 rows of 5 squares (each roughly 22cm square), then a border is worked around the whole rug to bring it all together. The rug will be approximately 150cm square, but if you need a bigger rug you can add an extra row of squares, either 5 x 6 or 6 x 6.

BORDERING EACH SQUARE

Work one round of 28dc along each side of the square when you finish, ie: 25dc along the side 3dc in each corner. This is essential for forming the completed rug as it frames each square nicely and makes a uniform edge with which to join the squares together more easily.

STARTING THE RUG

Start with a traditional Granny Square so that you have an initial square to measure all the other squares against.



Living with YARN

Block of the week



Working with a 6.50mm hook for this initial square (as this is the middle of the range size hook, it gives you the ability to move up and down to correct your tension in all other squares, if needed).

WEEK 1

Using 6.50mm hook make 3ch, join with sl st in 1st ch to form ring.

Rnd 1: 5ch, 3tr in ring, *2ch, 3 tr in ring, repeat from * once, 2ch, 2tr, join with sl st in 3rd ch of st-ch, sl st into 2-ch cnr.

Rnd 2: 5ch, 3tr in same 2-ch cnr, * 1ch, (3tr, 2ch, 3tr) in next 2-ch cnr, repeat from * twice, 1ch, 2tr in next 2-ch cnr, join with sl st in 3rd ch of st-ch, sl st into 2-ch cnr.

Rnd 3: 5ch, 3tr in same 2-ch cnr, * 1ch, 3tr in 1-ch sp, 1ch, (3tr, 2ch, 3tr) all in 2-ch cnr, repeat from * twice, 1ch, 3tr in 1-ch sp, 2tr in next 2-ch cnr, join with sl st in 3rd ch of st-ch, sl st into 2-ch cnr.

Rnd 4: 5ch, 3tr in same 2-ch cnr, * (1ch, 3tr in 1-ch sp) twice, 1ch, (3tr, 2ch, 3tr) in 2-ch cnr, repeat from * twice, (1ch, 3tr in next 1-ch sp) twice, 1ch, 2tr in next 2-ch sp, join with sl st in 3rd ch of st-ch, sl-st into 2-ch cnr.

Rnds 5-6: Work two more rounds, remembering to add (1ch, 3tr) to each side.

To finish add the border.